Creating Safe Brain Smart Classrooms



Presented by: Jenny Spencer Conscious Discipline[®] Certified Instructor Ignite Learning LLC

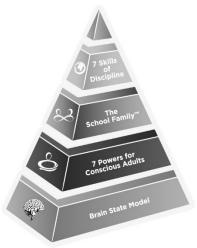
www.ignitelearningtogether.com jenny.spencer@consciousdiscipline.com 765-620-5988

Learners will be able to:

- Describe what is needed for transformational change.
- Identify the triggers, behaviors and needs of each state in the Conscious Discipline brain state model.
- Describe how the adult powers of perception and attention impact behavior.
- Practice the adult skills of composure and assertiveness by identifying triggers, practicing active calming and distinguishing between passive, aggressive and assertive communication.
- Identify the School Family structures and rituals that help create an environment for success by laying a foundation of safety and connection to help meet the social and emotional needs of all children.
- Identify the components of the Brain Smart[®] Start and explain how they relate to optimal learning.

Conscious Discipline®

Conscious Discipline is a comprehensive evidence-based self-regulation program that integrates social-emotional learning and discipline.



Transformative, brain-based and practical

Seven Skills of Discipline

Provides adults with the seven discipline skills needed to effectively transform any problem into a life lesson.

The School Family™

Creates a positive school climate by eliminating reward and punishment in favor of the safety, connection and problem-solving of a School Family.

Seven Powers for Conscious Adults

Perceptual shift that empowers us to see discipline encounters as an opportunity to teach new skills.

Brain State Model

Addresses internal state first, using a neurodevelopmental brain model, so adults and children may learn to self-regulate effectively.

Learn more at ConsciousDiscipline.com

POWER	SKILL	STRUCTURES & RITUALS
Perception: No one can make me angry without my permission	Composure	Brain Smart Start, Friends and Family Board, Safekeeper Ritual, greetings and Safe Place Center
Attention: What you focus on you get more of.	Assertiveness	Visual Routines, Visual Daily Schedule, Time Machine, Transition Rituals
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	Becoming Brain Smart											
CHECKING IN: (Energy) 1 2 3 (Focus) 1 2						5		7	8	9	10 10 10	
(State) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 COMMITMENT: Day 1 COMMITMENT: Day 1 I am willing to begin taking back my power by practicing S.T.A.R. breathing and recognizing that no one can make me angry without my permission. I am willing to become aware of when I give my power away. Breathe, pivot and focus on what I want more of. Signature: Individual Commitment Today I am going to: Individual Commitment Today I am going to: Signature: Signature: Signature: Signature: Signature: Signature: Signature:												
	MAKING THE SHIFT From Trying to Control to Connecting											
Shifting from relying on Fear-Based Discipline to Love-Based Discipline												

It can be hard to sustain our positive energy because most of us

were raised with a discipline system that relied on fear.

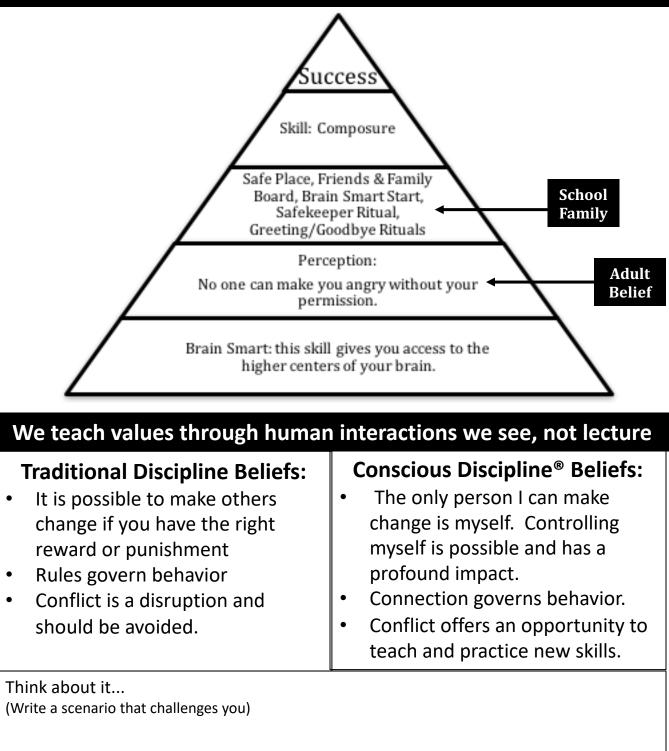
Fear of punishment Fear of the loss of love Fear of failure Fear of abandonment

Side effects of relying on fear:

- 1. Focuses you on what you didn't do (not "enoughness")
- 2. Stresses your body (releases adrenaline & cortisol)

What is your definition of DISCIPLINE?

Discipline is not something we DO TO children it is something we develop within--Discipline is an INSIDE job!



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Conscious Discipline® Core Methodology

	Power	Skill	Structure	
	Perception		Brain Smart Start, Friends and Family Board Safe Place, Greetings, Safekeeper Ritual	
	Attention		Visual Routines, Time Machine, Class-Mad Books, after conflict reconnecting rituals	
	Unity		Connecting Rituals, Ways to be helpful board/book, jobs	
e Adult	Free Will	te Child	Visual Rules Silison We Care Center	
Regulate Adult	Acceptance	Regulate Child	We Care Center	
	Love		Celebration Center, School Family Assembly, Wishing Well	
	Intention		Time Machines, Class Meeting	

The Structures Become the Culture of Your Classroom

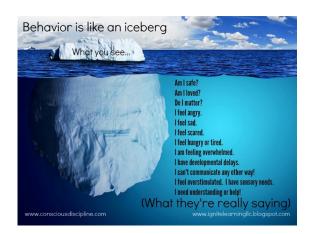


Power of Perception—State Unconsciously Dictates Behavior

Behavior Adult/symptom relief

Self-Regulation

Manage inner states enough to learn new skills-specifically access and develop empathy



State First---Behavior Second

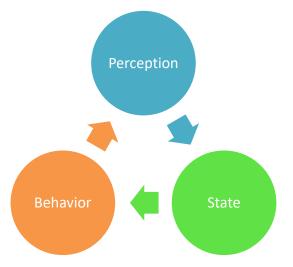
What is the optimal state for learning?

♥ Relaxed Alertness

- ♥ Open heart & Mind
- Competent
- ♥ Confident
- ♥ Resilient

Low Threat

On purpose



Brain Smart[©] Principles: Building Codes for Success!

- The brain is pattern-seeking
- The best exercise for the brain is exercise

High Challenge

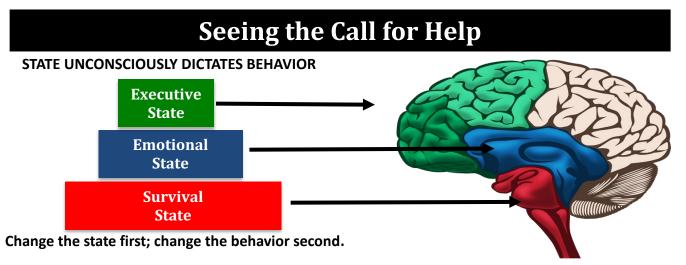
- Connections on the outside build connections on the inside
- The brain functions optimally when we feel safe

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Power of Perception—No one can make me angry without my permission

- We must become aware of our perceptions and viewpoints and then we can choose to change them or keep them
- Sometimes we just need more information
- You don't get a choice of how you perceive something unless you are conscious of how you
 perceive it
- If we are unaware, then we are operating on autopilot

"How I perceive something dictates my inner state and therefore dictates my behavior."

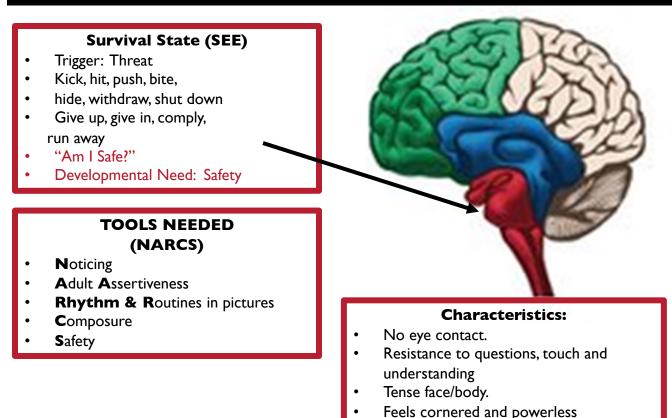


	Survival State	Emotional State	Executive State
Trigger			
Behaviors/ Characteristics			
Accessible Skills			
Need			

Think about it... What state is the child in when your scenario happens and how do you know? What state are you in when that scenario happens and how do you know?

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Conscious Discipline® Brain State Model



Conscious Discipline is a Mindset SHIFT

Initial Mindset Shifts are required:

- See misbehavior as a call for help instead of disrespect.
- Shift from trying to change others to changing ourselves.
- Shift from trying to control others to connecting with others.

New Job Description

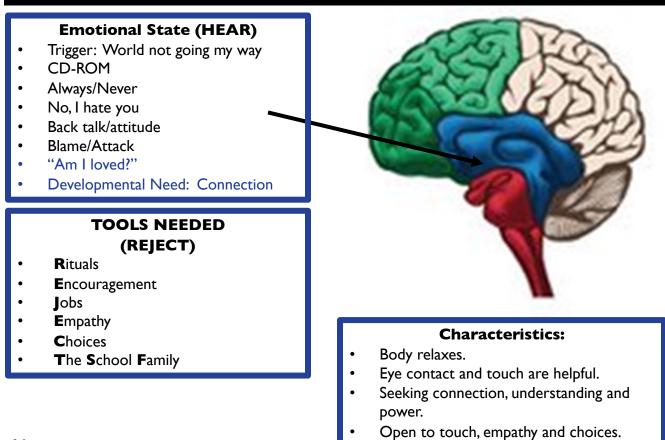
Teacher's Job: To keep the classroom safe. Children's Job: To help keep the classroom safe.

A Safekeeper Must:

- Be a S.T.A.R. instead of losing it.
- Become aware of trigger thoughts and events.
- Wish children well and notice instead of judge.
- Use the language of safety instead of the language of fear.
- See conflict as an opportunity to teach.

"My job is to keep you safe, your job is to help keep it safe" In order to do our job we must shift from punishing to teaching children

Conscious Discipline[®] Brain State Model



Notes:

Conscious Discipline® Brain State Model

Executive State

- Integrated Brain State
- CEO/Boss of brain
- Relaxed Alert: Helpful, empathy, wisdom and learning, creativity.
- Executive Skills
- "What can I learn from this?"
- Developmental Need: Problem-Solving in Social Settings

TOOLS NEEDED (SPACE)

- Solutions
- Positive Intent
- Academic Integration
- Consequences
- Executive Skills

Characteristics

- Tend to focus on what you don't want first.
- Willing and ready to learn new skill once pivoted.
- Able to reflect and plan.
- Sees impact on others with guidance.

Executive State Skills: A TOP WIFE Makes Good Tea

Attention: Ability to sustain attention in spite of distractibility, boredom or fatigue **Time Management:** Capacity to estimate how much time one has, how to allocate it and how to stay within time limits/deadlines. A sense that time is important.

Organization: Ability to create and maintain systems to keep track of information or materials **Prioritization:** Ability to see what is most important and make a plan to accomplish it

Working Memory: Ability to hold information in memory while performing complex tasks and draw on past learning or experiences to apply to a situation at hand or project into the future

Impulse Control: Capacity to think before acting, allowing you to evaluate a situation and how your behavior might impact it

Flexibility: Ability to revise plans in the face of obstacles, setbacks, new information or mistakes. Adapting to changing conditions

Empathy: ability to manage emotions in order to achieve goals, complete tasks, direct behavior and see from another's point of view

Metacognition: Ability to step back and take a bird's eye view of yourself in a situation, to observe yourself (reflect and witness), self-monitor and self-regulate

Goal Achievement: Capacity to have a goal and follow through to completion

Task Initiation: Ability to begin projects in an efficient and timely fashion

Conscious Discipline is about Transformational Change					
 To Transform a Culture You N Recognition that there is a need change A plan for change and help from experts in the field Investment of time, finances, end resources. Leaders who are willing to mode desired behavior and make a commitment to personal change Connection and self-control rate force, realizing that everyone witheir own pace and be more witchange if they feel connected New tools, you have to retool your order to create transformations 	d for n other nergy, and el the ge. her than rill go at lling for	 See misbehay disrespect See conflict a than a disrup See others as ead of needir Understand t y make change Understand t is for problem Understand t rnal behavior 	hat internal state dictates exte		
The Power of Unity: W STIMULUS RESPONSE Any system that relies on controlling others through punishment and reward removes that social problem solving that is crucial for prefrontal lobe development.		STIMU Based Notice interna Self-Regulate of Choose wisest Notice interna Help regulate Help choose w	LUS- PAUSE- RESPONSE on Conscious Awareness al state of self until optimal action al state of child until optimal		
Our perception of events	s generates ou	r emotions, no	t the events themselves.		
Survival State	Emotior	nal State	Executive State		
Conflict is threatening and bad	Conflict is irritating and		Conflict is a call for help or a		

upsetting

Conflict should be stopped

The willingness to make mistakes comes from a commitment to safety and trust

The Power of OOPS! helps us to make mistakes and see the beauty in the fact that through

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mistakes we grow.

Trust is built through relationship

Developing a new perceptual filter requires relationship

Change requires the willingness to make mistakes

Conflict should be punished

teaching opportunity

Conflict is a teaching opportunity

Active Calming: Pressing the PAUSE button

Active Calming (Take care of yourself first)

When we get triggered, Active Calming is our journey from the Lower Centers to the Prefrontal Lobes so we can respond rather than react to life events

Step 1: Be a STAR (Upload so you can use mirror neurons to help you download)

- ★ This is not natural
- ★ Adding a Pause Button

Step 2: Overlay CD-ROM

- ★ Can't be erased, just let it play
- ★ Overwrite it: "I'm safe, keep breathing, I can handle this"

Step 3: Bring Safety and Well Wishes to Child (download)

★ "You're safe, keep breathing, you can handle this"

Activity: Know Your Triggers

- Pre-programmed DNA + Healthy and Unhealthy experiences = Triggers written from our childhood
- Who or what is pushing your buttons?
 - Arguing Whining Talking Back Interrupting Showing Anger Tattling Sulking Aggression

Blaming Pouting Not Listening Lying Silliness Disrespect Laziness Other:

No one can make you angry without your permission.

"I am safe. I am calm. I can help this child with his/her problem."

Now that I am CALM I Can NOTICE the Child and Be Helpful!

Noticing in the **Survival State is describing what they** *look like*:

- Noticing *describes* what you see or feel without the need to judge
- Noticing is *present* in the moment
- Presence brings a sense of joy, safety, and passion
- Helps people become *aware* of themselves
- Noticing encourages eye contact and builds connection

"Your eyes are like this. Your mouth is like this. Your hand went like this."

• As soon as they look BREATHE

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Noticing to Download Calm: The Mirror Neuron System

Noticing in the Survival State:

- Emotions are contagious
- Mirror Neurons help our motor networks practice what we've seen
- When we notice, we turn on the Prefrontal Lobes and access our brilliance
- We help all children, including the most challenging, regain composure by utilizing deep belly breathing, wishing well, and the mirror neuron system
- Noticing is a specific type of describing that invites connection through consciousness and eye contact
- Once eye contact is achieved you can download calm
- Requires us to see without judgement

How to use Noticing:

Describe and demonstrate what the child is doing "Your face is going like this (demonstrate)"

"Your arms are going like this (demonstrate."

*This demonstration creates a natural urge for the child to look

Noticing gently encourages eye contact without demanding compliance by saying "look at me," which could be perceived as a threat

If the child resists eye contact, take another deep breath and join with him in an attuned way. Continue describing and demonstrating until he looks. "Look at that! You've got the little truck and your going like this (demonstrate)" "And your finger just went like this boop (demonstrate)"

Noticing Formula

"Your _____ is going like this (demonstrate)."

Common mistakes when downloading:

- We forget to upload before we download. We unconsciously begin to guard against misbehavior before it occurs. We must enter the moment calm, assured and open to help them be successful
 We forget to physically demonstrate or mirror what the child is doing.
- We say, "your hands covered your face." We give too much information.
- \bigotimes We forget to take that deep, slow breath the instant the child makes eye contact
- We unconsciously download with the intent of making the child engage or comply instead of the intent of being helpful.

- 1. Upload calm into your body.
 - 2. Mirror and notice child.
 - 3. When they look STAR
- 4. Offer the child choices or provide specific instructions

Creating a Safe Place

There is a developmental sequence:

- 1. Caregiver's Chest
- 2. Lap or close to caregiver
- 3. Safe Place Structure/Space in the room
- 4. Inner peace

Think about a "safe place" for you and illustrate or write about it here:

Children must learn to use the Safe Place:

- Teach the rules and procedures just like any other place in the classroom
 - When do you go
 - What do you do when you get there
 - How long can you stay
 - Who can help me
- Children can't use the Safe Place effectively unless they have a Safe Adult
- Build Strong Connections
- Make Class books about Safe Place
- What are their triggers? How can they recognize their triggers?

Steps to Using the Safe Place

- 1. IAM: Recognize when triggered and go to the Safe Place
- 2. I CALM: Choose a Calming Strategy from Provided Visuals (STAR, Balloon, Drain, Pretzle)
- 3. I FEEL: Identify the feeling. Help the buddy calm: "your face is like this, you're safe, breathe with me."
- 4. I CHOOSE: Choose something that helps get to higher state (ILUR, journal, puzzle, talking, music, book, fidget, walk, jump, breathe)
- 5. I SOLVE: Qtip, OOPS, Time Machine, Environmental Changes, Perception, Manage Emotion





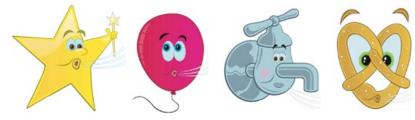
Unite Disengage Stress Increase energy Caim down classroom Get on same page Organized quiet Shift gears/transitions Shift gears/transitions	How do you currently start your day?
ConsciousDiscipline.com 800.942.2846	Smart Start©

Brain Smart Start©

Physiologically & Neurologically helps us change states!

Brain Smart Start © Symbolic Values

 Activity to Unite Builds affiliation and safety (endorphins) Activity to Disengage Stress Prepares the brain for cortical learning Activity to Connect Helps to maintain focused attention & mote Activity to Commit Produces serotonin; teaches responsibility 	
Activities to Unite: Builds Brain Smart Principle #1: The best ex	-
 School or Class Song Pledge of Allegiance Class chant or cheer "School Family" song Mission Statement Convocations 	School Family Chant Hands up high, Hands down low. We are a School Family Wherever we go!
Activities to Disengage Stress: Prep Brain Smart Principle #2: The brain function	
 Belly Breathing Yoga/Stretching Organized Movement & High Energy Songs Calming Cream Fidget/Sensory Tools Frequent Breaks/ "First-Then" Visual Routines and Rules Ear Rubs 	Bye-Bye Crankies (For Use With Calming Cream) Bye-Bye Crankies! Bye-Bye Crankies! Bye-Bye Crankies! It's time for you to go!



Pretzeling I can be a pretzel, arms and legs out. Cross them over and watch me pout. When I feel real angry, a pretzel I'll be. Squeeze together...one...two...three!

- Give children lots of opportunities to practice (print these icons for free on the website)
- In through the nose, out through the mouth
- Breathe 3X with deep belly breathing to shut off stress response...smiling gives you a head start!
- Use novel tools such as harmonica, windmill, smell the flower, blow out candle

Start your "Be a STAR Program"

Identify healthy strategies for disengaging your stress response:

Activities to Connect: Helps to maintain focused attention and motivation to learn Brain Smart Principle #3: Human connections build neural connections

Connection = Impulse Control, Attention, Cooperation

- The motivation to behave comes from being in relationship, therefore behavior is relationship specific
- The *relationship between parents* is more important to the child than that parent's relationship with the child
- Connection literally wires the brain for *impulse control* and *willingness*

Essential Ingredients for Making Connections

- Eye Contact
- ♥ Gentle, appropriate touch
- Being present in the moment
- ♥ Playful interaction

The most disruptive children are the most disconnected children!

1. I Love You Rituals Sample Greetings 2. **Greeting Ritual** Pinky Hug 3. Absent Child Ritual Cow 4. Build a Handshake Snake 5. Friends and Family Board Skunk 6. Kindness Tree Butterfly 7. Songs that include all ingredients Fist bump Bring Child's Photo to Case Conference 8. Hammer

The Goal of Rituals is to Create a Caring Culture

15

Humpty Dumpty

Classroom Rituals: Use the space below to take notes and plan for how you will implement these rituals.

Absent Child Ritual	Wishing Well Ritual	Welcome Back Ritual
	We wish you well,	You've been gone and
	We wish you well,	You've been missed.
	All through the day today,	Where would you like your
	We wish you well!	Welcome back kiss?

Side Effects of Wishing Well:

- Boost immune system
 - Lower stress hormones
 - Increases levels of IgA (fights flu & colds)
- Wishers High
 - Releases endorphins
 - Increase sense of optimism
- Frustration relief
 - · Shift from fight or flight to higher centers of the brain
 - Allows us to feel connected instead of in opposition

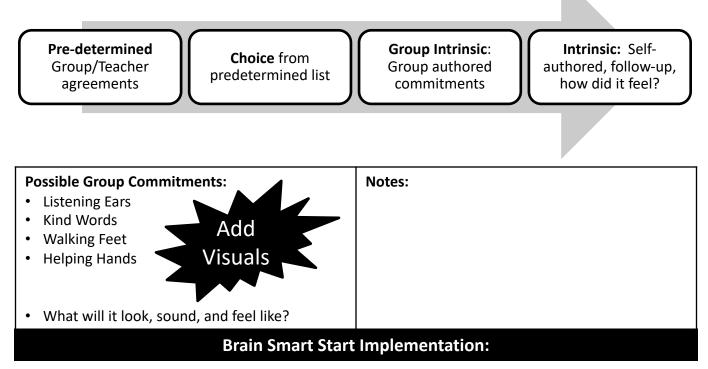
I Love You Rituals=Caring Connections

Twinkle, Twinkle Wonderful Woman Twinkle, twinkle little star, A wonderful woman lived in a shoe. What a wonderful child you are! She had so many children, With bright eyes, She knew exactly what to do. And nice round cheeks. She held them, A talented person She rocked them, From head to feet. And tucked them into bed. "I love you, I love you!" Twinkle, twinkle little star, Is what she said! What a wonderful child you are! Wonderful Woman Twinkle twinkle

Activity to Commit: Produces serotonin and teaches responsibility Brain Smart Principle #4: The brain is pattern-seeking and survival oriented

Conscious Discipline® is about making commitments

- ♥ Conscious Discipline[®] is about helping children be successful
- Making commitments increases the likelihood of a person being successful
- Making and keeping commitments raises serotonin in the brain



What Ideas Will You Plan to Use in Your Classroom?

Brain Smart Start Elements Reflection:

Activities to Unite:	
Activities to Destress:	
Activities to Connect:	
Activities to Commit:	
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Compassion

Compassion is the keen awareness of the interdependence of all things. It is the ultimate and most meaningful embodiment of emotional maturity. It is empathy in action. Acts of compassion yield 100% more DHEA (anti-aging hormone) and 23% less cortisol (stress hormone). The School Family™ creates a compassionate environment that promotes optimal brain development.

Connection = Cooperation

The motivation to behave comes from being in a relationship. Connection literally wires your brain for impulse control and willingness.

Connection

- Eye contact
- Touch
- Presence
- Playful situation

BECKY A. BAILEY, PH.D.





Georgie Porgie pudding and pie Gave his friend a big high five With his friends he loved to play A gift of a smile he gave each day

Margie Pargie, pudding and pie Gave her friend a big high five With her friends she loved to play A gift of a handshake she gave each day



Peter, Peter pumpkin eater Had a friend and loved to greet her/him Treated her/him kind and with respect And in the morning, hugged her/his neck ~~~~~

A wonderful woman lived in a shoe She had so many children she knew exactly what to do She held them, and rocked them, and tucked them in bed "I love you, I love you" is what she said.



Structure First: The Backbone for Successful Transitions and Engagement

Executive Skills Develop Through Problem Solving in Social Settings

Attention: Ability to sustain attention in spite of distractibility, boredom or fatigue **Time Management:** Capacity to estimate how much time one has, how to allocate it and how to stay within time limits/deadlines. A sense that time is important.

Organization: Ability to create and maintain systems to keep track of information or materials Prioritization: Ability to see what is most important and make a plan to accomplish it

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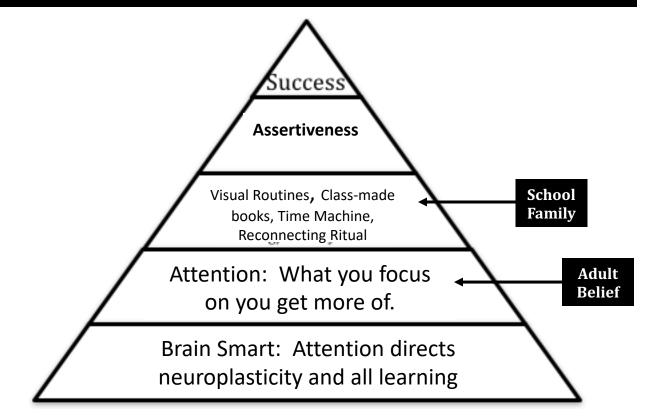
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Goal Achievement: Capacity to have a goal and follow through to completion Task Initiation: Ability to begin projects in an efficient and timely fashion



Discipline is not something we DO TO children it is something we develop within--Discipline is an INSIDE job!



POWER OF ATTENTION: What you focus on your get more of

Assertiveness

Assertively setting boundaries is a critical life skill

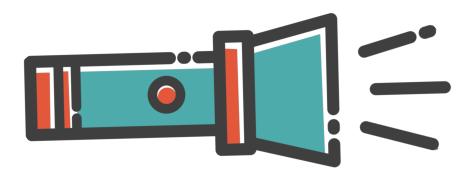
We focus on what we value.

What gets YOUR attention?



Attention----Assertiveness----Time Machine, Visual Routines, Visual Schedule

Think about your last upset. Describe it in the space below and write what your focus was on the lines below.



Setting Limits Without Guilt

- Children need to experience firm consistent limits
- When you set limits, you help them develop the skill of Assertiveness within themselves
- Without limits, we unconsciously train our children to be victims or bullies—pull them into the fold of School Family
- When you set limits with children, you also help them learn to set limits with others
- School Family is an essential part of your success

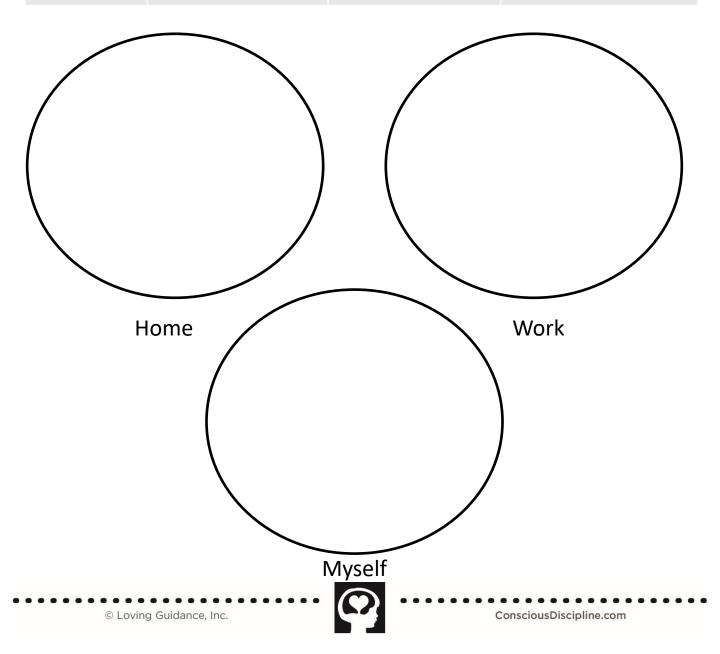
The Skill of ASSERTIVENESS: Clear Communication

Assertiveness is the medium through which we can teach children the value of respect.

- Goal: That speaking is more powerful than hitting or kicking.
- Focus on the behavior that you want to see happen.
- When you are angry, you are always focused on what you don't want.
- When you are focused on what you don't want, you end up teaching the very behaviors you are trying to eliminate

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	Assertive	Passive	Aggressive
Intent:	Clarity	Avoids conflict through pleasing	Avoids conflict through dominating
Tone:	Just do it.	Asking permission?	Or else!!!
Power:	Within	Given away	Taken from others
Feelings:	Owned with direct expression	Projected with indirect expression	Projected with indirect expression
Information:	Usable, what to do	Non-usable, confusing	Non-usable, attacking
Belief:	I am enough	I am not worthy	You are not worthy



Teacher Assertiveness

When you communicate Assertively:

- Your communication is clear.
- You give useable information.
- You focus on what you want to happen.
- You match your non-verbal to your verbal. It uses a "just do it" tone.
- You show respect and enforce rules.

Pivoting:

Essential Question: "Do I want more of this in my life?"

- It starts with COMPOSURE
 - To focus on what you want you have to be a calm model of self-control.
 - Steps to Active Calming include 1) STAR. 2) Affirm. 3) Solve.
- To do this we use the skill of PIVOTING
 - I "catch myself" and refocus on what I WANT
 - First step is becoming conscious of the fact that you are upset
 - Once you calm down you are able to do an about face and try again
 - NAME—VERB—PAINT "Jonathan, walk to the rug and sit on your spot."

Assertiveness Skills Needed for Working With Children

Young children turn fearful situations into a game

Assertiveness helps us keep fear out of conflicts with kids.

Assertive Commands

- 1. Walk over to the child
- 2. State child's name
- Wait for eye contact
- 4. Touch the child
- 5. Draw a picture with words as you give
- 6. Give the command with gestures
- 7. Loving "no doubt" energy
- 8. Encourage: "That's it! You..."

Use All of Your Senses

Kinesthetic: walk over to the child

Touch: Put your hand on their arm, shoulder, hand, or back

Auditory: Say their name and paint a picture with words

Visual: Use hand gestures

Energetically: I have a loving positive goal knowing she can do it *without a doubt*

Application Time!

Internal Speech

Children up to age 6 have no internal speech

They think in pictures

They simply don't understand conjugated verbs such as "don't".

Adults use internal speech all the time

Children need pictures to help them govern their behavior.

To Help Children Learn To Use Their Power of Attention We:

Make "pictures" of what we want them TO DO

★These pictures can be verbal or nonverbal

The pictures, or images, we create for children:

★Are used to govern their behavior

★Teach them how to treat others

 \star Show them how to assertively move through life in problem solving mode instead of blame

You can use your own body, photos, or words to illustrate what you want

Teaching Routines

Routines/Procedures

Goal: Order and predictability

- ♥ This is the process you expect them to go through to help everyone move safely through the day
- Routines are the antidote to chaos
 - Teaching routines is like teaching long division. If a child doesn't get it we simply teach him in a different way.
 - There are several Strategies we can us including, but not limited to:
 - Visual Schedules
 - ♥ Video Modeling
 - Layered Grouping
 - ♥ Chaining
 - Social Narratives
- MAP it out
 - ♥ M = Model, music and movement
 - A = Add visuals
 - ♥ P = Practice daily
- Get students involved in their creation

<u>M.A.P.</u> Routines: School-Wide 1st; Classroom 2nd <u>M</u>odel - <u>A</u>dd visuals - <u>P</u>ractice

Teach expected behaviors. A picture is worth a thousand words. They last much longer than the words we say. Visuals represent your assertive commands in pictures and help children be more successful.

Adult Assertiveness: M.A.P. Routines (Model, Add visuals, Practice)

Visual routines are the backbone of the School Family[™].

- Goal: Predictability (Predictability and consistency establish safety)
- The brain is a pattern-seeking device
- Clear patterns create an enriching environment for the brain

Activity: Routine Books

- 1. What time of day do you find most chaotic? _____
- 2. Write a routine book for that time.

SOCIAL STORIES

NOTES:

TRANSITION RITUALS

NOTES:

USING CONFLICT TO TEACH						
INTRUSION	How to respond when others infringe on your boundaries	I feel powerless	Did you like it?			
TATTLING	Helpfulness, Forgiveness, Compassion	Revenge-I am angry and don't know how to express it	Are you telling me to be helpful or hurtful			
SAFETY	Trust in authority	Distrust in authority	I will take care of it			



Notice Instead of Judge

NOTICING (Survival State):

"Your _____ is like this."

"Your hands are clenched tight like this. Your face is red, and your forehead is wrinkled like this."

EMPATHY (Emotional State)

"You seem ______. Something must have happened." "So you are saying that ______." "It is frustrating when someone is playing with the toy you want."

PROBLEM SOLVING (Integrated State):

"You wanted ______." "You were hoping ______." "You may _____ or ____." "What could you do that would be helpful?" "Would you like some ideas that other children have used?" "If you choose to _____, then you will _____."

Noticing helps us guide children and adults from lower brain states to an optimal state.

Implementation Planning

Use the space below to reflect on what you have learned today and plan how you might use one or two concepts in your position:

Some things to consider:

- What is one visual or strategy that you could tweak or add to help the scenario you shared?
- How could you add Brain Smart interactions throughout your day?
- What will you do to begin noticing your triggers and managing your own upset?
- What visuals do you need to put in place to help you focus on what you want?
- How will you increase noticing in your classroom?